## Thermodynamic Properties of an Interaction between Cooper Pairs and Electrons in Bismuth Based Cuprate Superconductivity

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## Abstract

A theoretical study considering Bi2201, Bi2212 and Bi2223 bismuth based cuprates whose critical Temperatures (T<sub>C</sub>) are 20K, 95K and 110K with one, two and three CuO<sub>2</sub> planes respectively; based on an interaction of Cooper pair and an electron in Bismuth based cuprates oxide shows that there is a direct correlation between energy of interaction and the number of CuO<sub>2</sub> planes at the T<sub>C</sub>. The specific heat for a mole of Bismuth based cuprates at T<sub>C</sub> was found to be  $7.471 \times 10^{-24}$  JK<sup>-1</sup> regardless of the number of CuO<sub>2</sub> planes; though the specific heat per unit mass, Sommerfeld coefficient as well as entropy per unit mass decreased with an increase in the number of CuO<sub>2</sub> planes. The entropy of a mole of Bismuth based cuprates at T<sub>C</sub> was found to be  $5.603 \times 10^{-24}$  JK<sup>-1</sup> irrespective of the T<sub>C</sub> or mass. The peak Sommerfeld coefficient temperature was noted to occur at the ratio T/T<sub>C</sub>=0.66 in the bismuth based cuprates.

Key Words – Superconductivity, Sommerfeld Coefficient, Specific Heat, Entropy